

Question 1 (i – 3 marks, ii – 5 marks)
(8 MARKS)

(i) Calculation of Interest and Cash Price

No. of installments	Outstanding balance at the end after the payment of installment	Amount due at the time of installment	Outstanding balance at the end before the payment of installment	Interest	Outstanding balance at the beginning
[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]= 2 +3	[5]= 4 x 10/110	[6]= 4-5
3 rd	-	2,75,000	2,75,000	25,000	2,50,000
2 nd	2,50,000	2,45,000	4,95,000	45,000	4,50,000
1 st	4,50,000	2,65,000	7,15,000	65,000	6,50,000

Total cash price = ₹ 6,50,000+ 5,00,000 (down payment) = ₹ 11,50,000.

(ii) In the books of Lucky

Tractors Account

Date	Particulars	₹	Date	Particulars	₹
1.10.2011	To Happy a/c	11,50,000	30.9.2012	By Depreciation A/c	2,30,000
				Balance c/d	9,20,000
		11,50,000			11,50,000
1.10.2012	To Balance b/d	9,20,000	30.9.2013	By Depreciation A/c	1,84,000
				Balance c/d	7,36,000
		9,20,000			9,20,000
1.10.2013	To Balance b/d	7,36,000	30.9.2014	By Depreciation A/c	1,47,200
				By Happy a/c (Value of 1 Tractor taken over after depreciation for 3 years @30% p.a.) (5,75,000-(1,72,500+1,20,750+84,525))	1,97,225
				By Loss transferred to Profit and Loss a/c on surrender (Bal. fig.) or (2,94,400-1,97,225)	97,175
				By Balance c/d	2,94,400
				½ (7,36,000-1,47,200+5,88,800)	
		7,36,000			7,36,000

Investment Account-Equity Shares in X Ltd.

Date		No. of shares	Dividend	Amount	Date		No. of shares	Dividend	Amount
			₹	₹				₹	₹
20X1 Jan. 1	To Balance b/d	20,000	—	3,20,000	20X1 Oct. 20	By Bank (dividend)*		30,000	7,500
June 1	To Bank	5,000	—	70,000	Nov. 1	By Bank	20,000		2,60,000
Aug. 2	To Bonus Issue	5,000	—	—	Nov. 1	By P & L A/c (W.N.2)			1,429
Sep. 30	To Bank (Right) (W.N.1)	5,000	—	75,000	Dec. 31	By Balance c/d (W.N.3)	15,000		1,96,071
Nov. 1	To Profit & Loss A/c (Dividend income)		30,000						
		35,000	30,000	4,65,000			35,000	30,000	4,65,000
Jan. 1, 20X2	To Balance b/d	15,000		1,96,071					

* Dividend = $[20,000 \times 10 \times 15\%] + [5,000 \times 10 \times 15\%]$

Working Notes :

1. Right shares

No. of right shares issued = $(20,000 + 5,000 + 5,000) / 3 = 10,000$ shares

No. of right shares subscribed = $10,000 \times 50\% = 5,000$ shares

Amount of right shares issued = $5,000 \times 15 = ₹ 75,000$

No. of right shares sold = $10,000 - 5,000 = 5,000$ shares

Sale of right shares = $5,000 \times 1.5 = ₹ 7,500$ to be credited to statement of profit and loss

2. Cost of shares sold

	₹
Amount paid for 35,000 shares (₹ 3,20,000 + ₹ 70,000 + ₹ 75,000)	4,65,000
Less: Dividend on shares purchased on June 1 (since the dividend pertains to the year ended 31st March, 20x1, i.e., the pre-acquisition period)	<u>(7,500)</u>
Cost of 35,000 shares	<u>4,57,500</u>
Cost of 20,000 shares (Average cost basis)	<u>2,61,429</u>
Sale proceeds	<u>2,60,000</u>
Loss on sale	<u>1,429</u>

3. Value of investment at the end of the year

Assuming investment as current investment, closing balance will be valued based on lower of cost or net realisable value.

Here, Net realisable value is ₹ 14 per share i.e. $15,000 \text{ shares} \times ₹ 14 = ₹ 2,10,000$

and cost = $\frac{4,57,500}{35,000} \times 15,000 = ₹ 1,96,071$. Therefore, value of investment at the end of the year will be ₹ 1,96,071.

Question 3
(12 marks)

(3 marks for each accounts, 3 marks for working)

In the Books of Progressive Ltd.

Debenture Account

2010		₹	2010		₹
Sept. 30	To Debenture Redemption A/c	1,20,000	Jan. 1	By Balance b/d	10,00,000
Dec. 31	To Balance c/d	<u>8,80,000</u>			
		<u>10,00,000</u>			<u>10,00,000</u>
2011		₹	2011		₹
May 31	To Debenture Redemption A/c	75,000	Jan. 1	By Balance b/d	8,80,000
Dec. 31	To Debenture Redemption A/c	25,000			
	To Balance c/d	<u>7,80,000</u>			
		<u>8,80,000</u>			<u>8,80,000</u>
2012		₹	2012		₹
July 31	To Debenture Redemption A/c	1,15,000	Jan. 1	By Balance b/d	7,80,000
Dec. 31	To Balance c/d	<u>6,65,000</u>			
		<u>7,80,000</u>			<u>7,80,000</u>

Debenture Redemption Account

2010		₹	2010		₹
Sept. 30	To Bank A/c (₹1,20,000 × 0.98 = ₹1,800)	1,15,800	Sept. 30	By Debenture Stock A/c	1,20,000
	To Capital Reserve A/c	<u>4,200</u>			
		<u>1,20,000</u>			<u>1,20,000</u>
2011		₹	2011		₹
May 30	To Bank A/c (₹75,000 × 0.95)	71,250	May 31	By Debenture Stock A/c	75,000
	To Capital Reserve A/c (Profit on cancellation)	3,750	Dec. 31	By Debenture Stock A/c	25,000
Dec. 31	To Bank A/c (Shortfall ₹1,00,000 - ₹75,000)	25,000			
		<u>1,00,000</u>			<u>1,00,000</u>

2012		₹	2012		₹
July 31	To Bank A/c (₹1,15,000 × .92 – ₹575)	1,05,225	July 31	By Debenture Stock A/c	1,15,000
	To Capital Reserve A/c (Profit on cancellation)	9,775			
		<u>1,15,000</u>			<u>1,15,000</u>

Debenture Interest Account

2010		₹	2010		₹
June 30	To Bank A/c	30,000	Dec. 31	By Profit and Loss A/c	58,200
Sept. 30	To Bank A/c	1,000			
Dec. 31	To Bank A/c	<u>26,400</u>			<u>58,200</u>
		<u>58,200</u>			
2011		₹	2011		₹
May 31	To Bank A/c	1,875	Dec. 31	By Profit and Loss A/c	50,175
June 31	To Bank A/c	24,150			
Dec. 31	To Bank A/c	<u>24,150</u>			<u>50,175</u>
		<u>50,175</u>			
2012		₹	2012		₹
June 30	To Bank A/c	23,400	Dec. 31	By Profit and Loss A/c	43,925
July 31	To Bank A/c	575			
Dec. 31	To Bank A/c	<u>19,950</u>			<u>43,925</u>
		<u>43,925</u>			

Working Notes :

Interest paid on Debentures @6% per annum:

Date	Amount of Debentures	Period	Interest
	₹		₹
2010			
June 30	10,00,000	6 months	30,000
Sept. 30	1,20,000	3 months	1,800
Dec. 31	8,80,000	6 months	26,400
2011			
May 31	75,000	5 months	1,875
June 30	8,05,000	6 months	24,150

Question 4

(12 Marks)

**Trading and Profit and Loss Account of Sri. Agni Dev
for the year ended 31st March, 2011**

		₹			₹
To	Opening Stock	33,000	By	Sales	9,60,000
To	Purchases	7,20,000	By	Closing Stock	33,000
To	Gross Profit c/d	<u>2,40,000</u>			
		<u>9,93,000</u>			<u>9,93,000</u>
To	Business Expenses	1,57,500	By	Gross Profit b/d	2,40,000
To	Repairs	3,500			
To	Depreciation	27,000			
To	Travelling Expenses	18,000			
To	Loss by theft	1,500			
To	Net Profit	<u>32,500</u>			
		<u>2,40,000</u>			<u>2,40,000</u>

3 marks

Balance Sheet of Sri Agni Dev as at 31st March, 2011

Liabilities	₹	₹	Assets	₹	₹
Capital	2,52,500		Machinery	1,20,000	
			Add: additions	60,000	
				<u>1,80,000</u>	
Add: Additional Capital	5,000		Less: Depreciation	<u>(27,000)</u>	1,53,000
Net Profit	<u>32,500</u>		Stock in Trade		33,000
	2,90,000		Sundry Debtors		1,20,000
Less: Loss of Furniture	(20,000)				
Drawings	<u>(30,000)</u>	2,40,000			
Bank Overdraft		2,667			
Sundry Creditors		55,833			
Outstanding Expenses		<u>7,500</u>			
		<u>3,06,000</u>			<u>3,06,000</u>

2 marks

Working Notes:

1.	Sales during 2010-2011	₹
	Debtors as on 31st March, 2010	<u>1,00,000</u>
	(Being equal to 2 months' sales)	

	Total credit sales in 2009- 2010, ₹ 1,00,000 × 6	6,00,000
	Cash Sales, being equal to 1/3rd of credit sales or 1/4th of the total Sales in 2009- 2010	<u>2,00,000</u>
		8,00,000
	Increase, 20% as stated in the problem	<u>1,60,000</u>
	Total sales during 2010-2011	<u>9,60,000</u>
	Cash sales : 1/4th	2,40,000
	Credit sales : 3/4th	7,20,000
2.	Debtors equal to two months credit sales	1,20,000
3.	Purchases	
	Sales in 2010-2011	9,60,000
	Gross Profit @ 25%	<u>2,40,000</u>
	Cost of goods sold being purchases (Since there is no change in stock level)	<u>7,20,000</u>
4.	Sundry Creditors for goods (₹ 7,20,000 – ₹ 50,000) /12 = ₹ 6,70,000/12	55,833
5.	Collections from Debtors	
	Opening Balance	1,00,000
	Add: Credit Sales	<u>7,20,000</u>
		8,20,000
	Less: Closing Balance	<u>(1,20,000)</u>
		<u>7,00,000</u>
6.	Payment to Creditors	
	Opening Balance	45,000
	Add: Credit Purchases (₹ 7,20,000 – ₹ 50,000)	<u>6,70,000</u>
		7,15,000
	Less: Closing Balance	<u>(55,833)</u>
	Payment by cheque	<u>6,59,167</u>

7. Cash and Bank Account

Particulars	Cash	Bank	Particulars	Cash	Bank
To Balance b/d	8,000	16,500	By Payment to Creditors	50,000	6,59,167
To Collection from Debtors	–	7,00,000	By Misc. Expenses	1,45,000	5,000
To Sales	2,40,000	–	By Repairs	3,500	–
To Additional Capital	–	5,000	By Addition to Machinery	–	60,000
To Balance c/d	–	2,667	By Travelling Expenses	18,000	–
(Bank overdraft)			By Private Drawings	30,000	–
			By Balance c/d (lost by theft)	1,500	
	<u>2,48,000</u>	<u>7,24,167</u>		<u>2,48,000</u>	<u>7,24,167</u>

Question 5

Solution

(i) Adjustment for raising & writing off of goodwill :

	Raised in old profit sharing ratio				Written off in new ratio		Difference	
	S & Co.	T & Co.	Total					
	3:1	2:1	₹		3:2:1		₹	
B	45,000	-	45,000	Cr.	55,000	Dr.	10,000	Dr.
S	15,000	33,333	48,333	Cr.	36,666	Dr.	11,667	Cr.
T	-	16,667	16,667	Cr.	18,334	Dr.	1,667	Dr.
	60,000	50,000	1,10,000		1,10,000			

1 mark

Books of BST & Co.

Journal Entries

		Dr.	Cr.
20X1		₹	₹
Oct. 31	Cash Account	Dr. 10,000	
	Bank Account	Dr. 15,000	
	T & Co.	Dr. 50,000	
	Sundry Debtors	Dr. 80,000	
	Stock Account	Dr. 60,000	
	Furniture Account	Dr. 10,000	
	Machinery Account	Dr. 90,000	
	Building Account	Dr. 50,000	
	To Provision for Doubtful debts		4,000
	To X & Co.		40,000
	To Sundry Creditors		60,000
	To B's Capital Account		1,65,750
	To S's capital Account		95,250
	(Sundry assets and liabilities of M/s S & Co. taken over at the values stated as per agreement dated.....)		
	Cash Account	Dr. 5,000	
	Bank Account	Dr. 20,000	
	X & Co. Account	Dr. 30,000	
	Sundry Debtors A/c	Dr. 1,00,000	

6 marks

Stock Account	Dr.	70,000	
Furniture Account	Dr.	3,000	
Vehicles Account	Dr.	1,00,000	
To Provision for Doubtful Debts			5,000
To S & Co.			50,000
To Sundry Creditors			58,000
To S's Capital Account			1,43,333
To T's Capital Account			71,667
(Sundry assets and liabilities of M/s T & Co. taken over at the values stated as per agreement dated...)			
B's Capital Account	Dr.	10,000	
T's Capital Account	Dr.	1,667	
To S's Capital Account			11,667
(Adjustment in capital accounts consequent on raising goodwill of S & Co. for ₹ 60,000, T & Co. for ₹ 50,000 and writing off the same in the new ratio between B,S,T as per agreement)			
S & Co.			
To T Co.		50,000	
(Mutual indebtedness of S & Co. and T & Co., cancelled on taking over of the two firms)			
B's Current Account	Dr.	54,250	
To B's Capital Account			54,250
(Amount credited to B's Capital to bring capital in profit-sharing ratio)			
S's Capital Account	Dr.	1,10,250	
To S's Current Account			1,10,250
(Excess amount in S's Capital Account transferred to S's current account to reduce the balance in capital accounts in accordance with the profit sharing ratio)			

Working Notes :

(i) Balance of Capital Accounts on transfer of business to M/s BST & Co.

(a) S & Co.		B's Capital	S's Capital
		₹	₹
As per Balance Sheet		1,20,000	80,000
Credit for Reserve		18,750	6,250
Profit on Revaluation	40,000		
Less : Provision for doubtful debts	<u>(4,000)</u>	<u>27,000</u>	<u>9,000</u>
		<u>1,65,750</u>	<u>95,250</u>
(b) T & Co.		S's Capital	T's Capital
		₹	₹
As per Balance Sheet		1,00,000	50,000
Credit for Reserve		33,333	16,667
Profit on Revaluation	20,000		
Less : Provision for doubtful debts	<u>(5,000)</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>5,000</u>
		<u>1,43,333</u>	<u>71,667</u>

3 marks

(ii) Capital in the new firm

	B	S	T
	₹	₹	₹
Balance as taken over	1,65,750	95,250	
	<u> </u>	<u>1,43,333</u>	<u>71,667</u>
	1,65,750	2,38,583	71,667
Adjustment for Goodwill	<u>-10,000</u>	<u>+11,667</u>	<u>-1,667</u>
	1,55,750	2,50,250	70,000
Total capital, ₹ 4,20,000* in the new ratio of 3:2:1, taking T's Capital as the basis	<u>2,10,000</u>	<u>1,40,000</u>	<u>70,000</u>
Transfer to Current Account	54,250 (Dr.)	1,10,250 (Cr.)	—

2 marks

*T's Capital is ₹ 70,000 and it is 1/6 of total. The total therefore is ₹ 4,20,000.
